## **In The Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A method of authenticating, using an authentication server, the use of an authentication device by at least a first user over a communication network via an intermediate communication device, comprising:

receiving an interaction request with said intermediate device by said intermediate device from said first user;

responding to said interaction request by said intermediate device, to said first user;

receiving an authentication datagram by said intermediate device, said authentication datagram including data from the first user, in response to said responding;

protecting said datagram by said intermediate device, by at least one of changing, adding to, encrypting and signing of said datagram;

forwarding said <u>protected</u> datagram to said authentication server via the communication network, by said intermediate device, for authentication of the first user; and

continuing interacting with said first user by said intermediate device in response to said authentication;

wherein said intermediate device and said authentication server are separated from one another.

- 2. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein said intermediate device comprises a vendor World Wide Web site.
- 3. (Original) A method according to claim 2, wherein protecting comprises adding a signature associated with said vendor to said datagram.
- 4. (Original) A method according to claim 2, wherein protecting comprises encrypting said datagram.

- 5. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein said intermediate device comprises a user computing device.
- 6. (Original) A method according to claim 5, wherein said computing device adds a time stamp to said datagram.
- 7. (Original) A method according to claim 5, wherein said computing device adds a vendor-associated information item to said datagram.
- 8. (Original) A method according to claim 5, wherein said computing device encrypts said datagram.
- 9. (Original) A method according to claim 8, wherein said encryption uses a one time code.
- 10. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 8, wherein said one time code is provided by a vendor for a particular session with said user.
- 11. (Original) A method according to claim 5, wherein said user computing device uses an embedded software component for said protecting.
- 12. (Original) A method according to claim 11, wherein said embedded software comprises an ActiveX component.
- 13. (Original) A method according to claim 11, wherein said component is cached on said user device.
- 14. (Original) A method according to claim 11, wherein said component requires a property value provided by a vendor to operate.

- 15. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein communication between said intermediate device and said server uses a secure connection.
- 16. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein different communication paths are used for said authentication and for transaction details from said user.
- 17. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein different communication paths are used for said authentication and for transaction details from a vendor to said authentication server.
- 18. (Currently Amended) A method of authentication of an authentication datagram by a remote authentication server, comprising:

sending an encrypted datagram by secure computer communication from a vendor software to said remote authentication server, said encrypted datagram including data from the vendor;

receiving said encrypted datagram by said remote authentication server; comparing said datagram or a hash thereof to a hash table at said server; generating a binary validation answer having only a single bit by said server without an associated explanation; and

outputting said binary validation answer for authentication of the vendor:
wherein said vendor software and said remote authentication server are separated from one another.

19. (Previously Presented) A method of authentication of an authentication datagram by a remote authentication server, comprising:

sending an encrypted datagram by computer communication from an authentication device to said remote authentication server, said encrypted datagram including data from at least a first user;

receiving said encrypted datagram by said remote authentication server;

searching, at said server, for a hash value matching said datagram or a hash thereof:

generating a validation answer by said remote authentication server, responsive to said search,

wherein, said datagram includes a secret code and wherein said secret code exists only on said authentication device; and

outputting said validation answer for authentication of the first user;

wherein said authentication device and said remote authentication server are separated from one another.

- 20. (Original) A method according to claim 19, wherein said authentication device includes a plurality of secret codes that are generated to appear unrelated.
- 21. (Currently Amended) A method of generating a code set for a remote authentication device, said remote authentication device configured for authentication of at least a first user comprising:

providing a code generating software;

providing at least one seed code for the first user for said software;

generating said code set using said software and said seed;

destroying said seed immediately after generating said code set;

forwarding a first copy said code set to the first user; and

storing a second copy said code set or an indication thereof on said remote authentication device; and

authenticating the first user by matching between said first copy and said second copy or said indication thereofof.

22. (Original) A method according to claim 21, comprising generating hash values for said code set.

- 23. (Original) A method according to claim 22, comprising generating a second set of hash values for said code set, using a different hash function for said second set.
- 24. (Currently Amended) A method of communication between a vendor and a user using an authentication device, comprising:

generating a one time code for at least the user for a session by a card;

receiving an authentication datagram from at least said user by an intermediate device of a vendor;

forwarding said authentication datagram to a remote authentication server for authentication of the vendor when at least an indication of said one time code that matches the vendor is provided with said datagram; and

forwarding said authentication datagram to said remote authentication server for authentication for authentication of the user when at least an indication of said one time code that matches said user is provided with said authentication datagram;

wherein said intermediate device and said remote authentication server are separated from one another.

- 25. (Original) A method according to claim 24, comprising signing said datagram using said one time code by said user.
- 26. (Previously Presented) A method of remote validation of at least a first user, comprising:

from the first user, receiving an authentication datagram by an authentication server from a remote authentication device;

for each datagram received, matching said datagram or a hash of said datagram to a corresponding table;

for each datagram received, calculating a corresponding counter value from a matching position in said corresponding table; and

for each datagram received, if said authentication datagram is valid, increasing said corresponding counter over a previous counter, within a certain limit; and

for each datagram received, outputting a validation signal for the first user, in response to said corresponding counter value.

27. (Original) A method according to claim 26, comprising:

failing said authentication based on said increase being too large; and allowing a subsequent authentication based on a further increase of said subsequent validation being below a second threshold.

- 28. (Original) A method according to claim 27, wherein said thresholds are the same.
- 29. (Original) A method according to claim 27, wherein said second threshold is smaller than said certain threshold.
- 30. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 26, wherein said counter comprises an ordinal position in said table that is not apparently related to a series of generated random numbers.
- 31. (Withdrawn) A method of detecting a transmission of an acoustic multitone Frequency Shift Key (FSK) signal from at least a first user comprising:

receiving an acoustic signal from said at least a first user;

converting the signal into a Hilbert-transform representation of the signal;

correlating said converted signal with at least one reference signal representing at least one expected frequency in said FSK signal;

integrating said correlation over an interval;

if a signal is present, based on a thresholding of a result of said integrating, generating a validation signal; and

outputting said validation signal.

32. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 31, comprising further determining if a detected signal has a frequency within a certain frequency range.

- 33. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 31, comprising further determining if a detected signal has a signal to noise ratio within a certain signal to noise ratio range.
- 34. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 31, comprising resampling said signal after said determining.
- 35. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 31, wherein said threshold is noise dependent of the received signal.
- 36. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 31, comprising calculating said interval based on a hardware characteristic of a producer of said acoustic signal.
- 37. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1,

wherein said authentication datagram additionally includes data from a second user; and

wherein said forwarding includes forwarding said datagram to said authentication server for authentication of the second user.

38. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 18,

wherein said encrypted datagram additionally includes data from a second user; and

wherein said outputting additionally includes outputting said validation answer for authentication of the second user.

39. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 19,

wherein said encrypted datagram additionally includes data from a second user; and

wherein said outputting additionally includes outputting said validation answer for authentication of the second user.

40. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 21,

wherein said remote device is additionally configured for authentication of a second user; and

wherein said providing at least one seed code additionally includes providing at least one seed code for the second user for said software.

41. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 26,

wherein said method is additionally for remote validation of a second user;

wherein said receiving additionally includes, from the second user, receiving an authentication datagram by an authentication server from a remote authentication device; and

wherein said outputting additionally includes outputting a validation signal for the second user.

42. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 31,

wherein said at least a first user comprises a first user and a second user.

- 43. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 2, carried out as part of a commercial interaction between said first user and said vendor, wherein said authentication does not require said first user to interact with a different web server.
- 44. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein said receiving, protecting and forwarding is secured by a software component which is downloaded to a computing device associated with said first user and used by said user for sending an interaction request.
- 45. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 2, wherein said forwarded datagram includes payment instructions to said vendor.

- 46. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 44, wherein said forwarding comprises forwarding by said software component.
- 47. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein said authentication comprises a single bit authentication answer without an associated explanation.
- 48. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 21, comprising: storing said code set or an indication thereof on an authentication server; and at a later time authenticating said authenticating device by said authentication server by comparing a datagram from said authentication device against said storage at said authentication server.
- 49. (New) A method according to claim 1, wherein said authentication device comprises a card and wherein said use of an authentication device includes activating the card by pressing a button located on the card.
- 50. (New) A method according to claim 1, said method further comprising authenticating, using the authentication server, at least the first user by a technique wherein the at least first user is required to input data, the data selected from a PIN, a password, a secret question, voice verification, and a digital signature.